At a small school in the United States, there are 3 possible language classes that a 7th grader can apply to take: Spanish, French, and Chinese; each student takes at least 1 of these classes. Only 3 students take all three language classes. 17 students take Spanish, 19 take French, and 13 take Chinese. 11 students take only Spanish, 10 take only French, and 5 take only Chinese.

- A = How many students take only 1 language class?
- B = How many students take only Chinese and Spanish?
- C = How many students take only 2 language classes?
- D = How many students take only French and Chinese?



Let:

- A = The slope of the line segment with end points (26, 23) and (17, 18)
- B = The y-coordinate of the y-intercept of the parabola that goes through the points (-1,0), (4,-50), and (9,0)
- C = The sum of the abscissas and ordinates of the points that split the line segment with endpoints (20, 3) and (29, 15) into 3 parts
- D = The ordinate of the point of intersection between the lines 3x + y = 2 and 7x + 2y = 4

Compute AB + CD.

Let x@y=17x - 13y. For

$$A = 17@13$$

 $B = 11@9$
 $C = 9@11$
 $D = 13@17$

Calculate A + B + C + D.

Let:

$$A = 1 + 2 + \ldots + 49 + 50$$

$$B = 1 - 2 + 3 - 4 + \ldots + 49 - 50$$

$$C = 2 + 4 + 6 + \ldots + 48 + 50$$

$$D = 1 + 3 + 5 + \ldots + 47 + 49$$

Compute (A - B) - (C - D).

It takes Albert 12 minutes, Bradley 20 minutes, Chico 30 minutes and Daniel 60 minutes to write a full question for the Algebra 1 team test. Let:

- A = The time, in hours, for Albert to write 10 questions for the test.
- B = The time, in hours, for Albert and Bradley to write 10 questions for the test if they're working together.
- C = The time, in hours, for Albert, Bradley, and Chico to write 10 questions for the test if they're working together.
- D = The time, in hours, for Albert, Bradley, Chico, and Daniel to write 10 questions for the test if they're working together.

Find ABCD, rounded to the nearest integer.

Start with x = 2017. For every true statement, add 3 to x. For every false statement, subtract 7 from x.

- 2017 is not a prime number.
- π is the only irrational number.
- $2_{10} * 2017_8 > 2017_{10}$
- 12 is the largest integer such that $x^3 < 2017$.
- $5^4 < 4^5$.
- If x is odd, then 2017(x-1) is also odd

What is the final value of x?

Sri asks that you help him find the values of the following unknown digits - A, B, C, and D - and asks for you to calculate A - B - C - D (A, B, C, and D represent distinct digits, in base 10).

A234 + 5B78 + 90C2 = 2150D

Given the functions $f(x) = 2x^2 + 3x - 21$ and g(x) = 7x - 19, let:

$$\begin{array}{rcl}
A &=& f(5) \\
B &=& g(7) \\
C &=& f(g(2)) \\
D &=& g(f(-5))
\end{array}$$

Calculate D - C - B - A.

Let:

- A = The value of 16.49 rounded to the nearest integer
- B = The value of $\sqrt{5!}$ rounded to the nearest integer
- C = The value of $\sqrt{3^6 3^5 3^4}$ rounded to the nearest integer
- D = The value of $\sqrt{44^2 33^2 22^2}$ rounded to the nearest integer



Let:

$$A = \sqrt{36x^4y^5}$$
$$B = \sqrt{\frac{8y^2z}{x^{-1}y^{-1}}}$$
$$C = y^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{18x^3}{y}}$$
$$D = \sqrt{\frac{64xy^8}{y^3}}$$

Compute $\frac{AB}{CD}$ in terms of x, y, and z.

Let:

$$A = \frac{3 + \sqrt{8}}{3 - \sqrt{8}}, \text{ with a rationalized denominator}$$

$$B = \text{The sum of the roots of } 2x^2 + x - 6 = 0$$

$$C = \text{The value of } x, \text{ where } 4^x = 32^3$$

$$D = \text{The number of real solutions to the equation } 3x^2 + 6x - 1 = 2x^2 + 4x - 6$$

Calculate A + B + C + D

Given the following stem and leaf plot:

Table 1: Key: 1|1 = 11

3	3 9
4	$1\ 3\ 5\ 7\ 8$
5	$1\ 4\ 7\ 8$
6	0 9 9
7	8

Let:

A = Mean, rounded to the nearest integer B = Median C = Mode D = Range

Find A + B + C + D.

Let:

- A = The y-intercept of the line that goes through the points (3, 5) and (8, 11)
- B = The slope of a line parallel to 5x + 4y = 7
- C = The slope of a line perpendicular to 5x + 4y = 7
- D = The value of a, where x = a is the axis of symmetry of $y = x^2 + 10x + 2017$

Compute ABCD.

Let:

$$A = 2(6 * 2.5 + 3 - 8 + 15)$$

$$B = 5(18.8 + 1.7 - 8.9)$$

$$C = 2^{-3} + 2^{-2} + 2^{-1}$$

$$D = \frac{1 + 2 + 3 + 4 + 5 + 6 + 7 + 8 + 9 + 10 + 11 + 12 + 13 + 14 + 15 + 16}{17}$$

Calculate B - A + CD.